

<b>1</b>	$\sin 42 = \frac{6.5}{x}$ <b>or</b> $\frac{x}{\sin 90} = \frac{6.5}{\sin 42}$ oe <b>or</b> $\cos 48 = \frac{6.5}{x}$ [where $48 = 180 - 90 - 42$ ]		3	M1 <b>or</b> use of tan to find the horizontal side <b>and</b> then a correct first step in Pythagoras' theorem ie [base =] $\frac{6.5}{\tan 42}$ (= 7.21...) and $[x^2 =] 6.5^2 + 7.21^2$
	$[x =] \frac{6.5}{\sin 42}$ <b>or</b> $\frac{6.5 \sin 90}{\sin 42}$ <b>or</b> $[x =] \frac{6.5}{\cos 48}$ [where $48 = 180 - 90 - 42$ ]			M1 <b>or</b> complete method using Pythagoras $[x =] \sqrt{6.5^2 + 7.21^2}$  (If students give this statement with nothing before it they gain M2)
	<i>Working not required, so correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working)</i>	9.7		A1 accept 9.7 – 9.72
<b>Total 3 marks</b>				

<b>2</b>	eg $\sin 65 = \frac{AB}{8.4}$ <b>or</b> $\frac{AB}{\sin 65} = \frac{8.4}{\sin 90}$		3	M1 for setting up a trig equation in $AB$
	eg $(AB =) 8.4 \sin 65$ <b>or</b> $(AB =) \frac{8.4 \sin 65}{\sin 90}$			M1 for a complete method
		7.61		A1 accept 7.61 – 7.613
<b>Total 3 marks</b>				